THE BOTCH MADE BY ELECTION IN-SPECTORS LEFT UNCHANGED.

No Power to Correct Their Blunders-Grace Democracy Ranks With the L. C. O. and the Socialists in Strength Ac cording to the Returns-Not More than 15,000 Votes to Tammany's 180,000-Ac-

curacy of Sun Pigures on Election Night. The result of the official canvass of the vote in this county was declared yesterday and the certificates were sent to Albany.

One of the revelations made by the canvass is that the Rames Blanket Ballot law especially favors straight party voting and discourages the "scratcher." Candidates who were known to be unpopular and against whom organized efforts were made to cut their vote suffered very little, running right along with the rest of the candidates on their ticket. One of the candidates who was expected to run behind his ticket many thousands of votes, because of organized opposition to him in his party, was Charles F. MacLean, Tammany candidate for Justice of the Supreme Court. His vote was only 2,000 below that of Frederick Smyth, who

polled the full strength of his party. The figures, so far as the State Democracy is concerned, show how completely the Republicans were buncoed in their fusion with the Grace folks. Taking the vote on their candidates for Senator, so far as possible, and adding the sixty-eight votes they seem to have got for their candidate for Register, it seems that their utmost total strength is 15,000. In arriving at this result the votes for Assembly candidates are taken, as far as possible, in the Tweifth; Fourteenth, and Seventeenth Senate districts, where Williams, Cullen, and McManus were only nominally State Democracy candidates. Keating for Register got just 68 votes more than the Republican candidate for Secretary of State in the new annexed territory. Schmer. the Tammany candidate for Register, got only 11,313 less votes than King, the head of the Democratic State ticket. The average vote for Democratic State ticket. The average vote for the Democratic State candidates is about 14,000 more than the average vote for the Tammany candidates. The Grace organization is thus shown to be little, if any, stronger than the Socialist Labor party. The I. C. O., without the same facility for voting a straight ticket, polled nearly as many votes, and part of the 13,000 credited to the Grace candidates are I. C. O. votes cast for William J. Hirschfield, candidate for Assembly in the Fourth, and James J. Gaw, candidate for Assembly in the Sixth district, both of whom were endorsed by the State Democracy. trict, both of whom were endorsed by the State Democracy.

The Socialist vote has climbed from 7,614 last year to 11,095. The Prohibition vote on the general ticket has fallen off from 1,183 to 971, and the Populist vote from 928 to 699. The Goo Goos made a very poor showing, averaging for their candidates about 1,500.

The average of defective votes cast for candidates for State offices was 3,460, as against 1,000 last year, and of blank votes 6,500, against 2,860.

Now that the official totals given below are

The average of defective votes cast for candidates for State offices was 3,060, as against 1,000 last year, and of blank votes 6,500, against 2,860.

Now that the official totals, given below, are at hand, The Sun desires to brag a little. In twenty years the returns of the city vote had not been so late and so imperfect as they were last election night, and anybody who compared the newspapers of Wednesday morning, Nov. 6, must have got a headache over them. There was no doubt who was elected except in one Senate district and a few Assembly districts, but as to pluralities, Tammany's total vote, and the total vote cast, you could take your choice. The wise' pinned their faith to The Sun, which said in its earliest edition that King had 43,000 plurality in the gity (official 43,060). Solmer about 25,000 (official 23,076), and that Tammany had policioner 123,076), and that Tammany had policioner 123,000 votes for Register (official 129,823). There was no occasion to change these figures in the later edition, but in Thursday's paper it was announced that Solmer's estimated plurality was 24,153 (177 votes out of the way). By that time, also, The Sun had been able to discover that Sohmer had more than 127,000 votes for Register, and that the total vote for Secretary of State, not counting blanks and defectives, was at least 247,000 (official 251,275), and not a small vote but as large as had been anticipated. This upset a good deal of theorizing about Tammany's gains and abstention from the polls.

Of the other newspapers, those affiliated with the Chicago Associated Press sot into the most astonishing messes, the World leading them. That journal announced in its earliest edition of Wednesday that Furroy had 37,800 plurality cofficial 17,844, and cut it down to 16,429 in a later edition, giving Sohmer 21,969, from which itdocked 1,000 next day with "corrected figures." To King it gave two pluralities, both under 40,000. Other journals had King's plurality all the way from 48,000 down to 4,612, the Thursday morning p

Following is the result of the vote as canvased:

STATE TICKET.

For Secretary of Note.—Total vote, 261,540. King. Dem., 141,136; Palmer, Rep., 97,476; Fellens, Soc., 10,993; Smith, Pro., 971; Wakeman, Pop., 609; Gefective, 3,966; blank, 0,999; King over Palmer, 48,660. For Comptroller.—Total vote, 261,296, Judson, Bern., 140,806; Roberts, Rep., 97,759; Murphy, Soc., 11,095; Devendorf, Pro., 967; Rouseau, Pop., 552; defective, 8,960, and blank, 6,890. Judson over Roberts, 43,049. For Treasurer.—Total vote, 261,722; Dow, Dem., 141,090; Colvin, Rep., 97,559; Steer, Soc., 10,988; Rathbun, Pro., 981; Case, Pop., 554; defective, 3,975, and blank, 0,480. Dow over Colvin, 49,531.

For Aftorsky-General.—Total vote, 961,458; Chase, Dem., 140,898; Hancock, Rep., 97,657; Mosre, Soc., 10,988; Hancock, Rep., 97,657; Mosre, Soc., Judy, 554; Hancock, 1920; Gerctive, 3,961, and blank, 150, and Pop., 1920; defective, 3,961, and blank, 150, and Pop., 1920; defective, 3,961, and State Engineer on Section of Colorador of Section 1, 1920; defective, 3,961, and 1930; Martin, Bern., 1930; Martin, Dem., 1930; defective, 3,961, and 1930; Martin, 1930; Marti for Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals.—Total vote, 361,554. Teller, Dem., 140,718; Martin, Rep., U7,447; Gray, Soc., 10,998; Euglish, Pro., 889; Ward, Pop., 674; defective, 3,984, and blank, 6,854. Teller over Harrin, 43,571.

COUNTY TICKET.

Rive, 4.040. and blank, 8.500. Purroy over Hamilton, 17.544.
For Ecgister. Total vote, 261,708. Sohmer, Tam., 120,828. Keating, Fus., 103,484; Frans, Soc., 10,349; Bremer, I. C. O., 5075. Bianvelt, 6. G., 1,447; Lindsay, Pro., 371. Mediarrey, Pop., 575. defective, 4,039, and blank, 3,571. Sohmer over Keating, 23,076.
For Jadges of the Curr of General Sosions. Total vote, 520,838. Nowburger, Tam., 130,319; McMahon, Tam., 120,103. Allison, Fus., and G. G., 110,520; Fen. So., Fus., 108,013; Grunzig, Fus., 10,804; Thomas, Fus., 108,013; Grunzig, Fus., 10,804; Thomas, Fus., 108,013; Grunzig, Fus., 10,804; Thomas, Fus., 108,013; Grunzig, Fus., 10,804; Only, 10,933; Mannierre, Fus., 108,104; Fop., 508; Wobsier, Pop., 504; defective, 0,484, and blank, 0,612; Ricated, Newburger and McMahon, 100,104; Soc., 10,74; Nash, 0, G., 1,528; Beall, G., 1,622; Stotal, 10,174; Nash, 0, G., 1,528; Beall, G., G., 1,452; Soc., 10,774; Nash, 0, G., 1,528; Beall, G., G., 1,452; Soc., 10,774; Nash, 0, G., 1,528; Beall, G., G., 1,452; Soc., 10,774; Nash, 0, G., 1,528; Beall, G., G., 1,452; Soc., 10,774; Nash, 0, G., 1,528; Beall, G., G., 1,452; Soc., 10,774; Nash, 0, G., 1,528; Beall, G., G., 1,452; Soc., 10,774; Nash, 0, G., 1,528; Beall, G., G., 1,452; Soc., 10,774; Nash, 0, G., 1,528; Beall, G., G., 1,452; Soc., 10,774; Nash, 0, G., 1,528; Beall, G., G., 1,452; Soc., 10,774; Nash, 0, G., 1,528; Beall, G., G., 1,452; Soc., 10,774; Nash, 0, G., 1,528; Beall, G., G., 1,452; Soc., 10,774; Nash, 0, G., 1,528; Beall, G., G., 1,452; Soc., 10,774; Nash, 0, G., 1,528; Beall, G., G., 1,452; Soc., 10,774; Nash, 0, G., 1,528; Beall, G., G., 1,537; Diversity of the Clay Curr for the Unexpired Term of Jastice of the Clay Curr for the Unexpired Term of Jastice of the Clay Curr for the Unexpired Term of Jastice of the Clay Curr for the Unexpired Term of Jastice of the Clay Curr for the Unexpired Term, 10,638; Satter, 50c.
Lab., 10,638; Satter, 70,814; Nature, 10,783; Satter, 50c.
Lab., 10,638; Satter, 70,81

POR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS. Tenth District. Total vote, 28, 191, Cummings, Tam., 5,295; Greacen, Rep., 10,223; Browne, S. D., 802; Econe, Soc., 450; Geblin, Pro., 186; Foote, Pop. 70; lefective, 451, and blank, 194, Cummings over

FOR SENATORS. J. Total vote, 18,051. Abearn, Tam., 11,405; Kram, Rep. 3,500; Oliver, S. D., 1,110; Nauman, Soc., 819; Lutz. Pro., 40; Horioy, Pop., 15; defective, 407, and beank, 437. Abearn over kram, 7,508. 11-Total vote 19.405. Suilivan Tam. 9.335; Eidnote 19.405. Suilivan Tam. 19.335; Eidnote 19.405. Suilivan Over
Eidman 2.035. Suili blank. 503. Suilivan Over
Eidman 2.035. Suili blank. 503. Suilivan Over
Eidman 2.035. Suili blank. 503. Suilivan Over
Hans. Rep. and s. D. 5.479; Miller. Sec. 2.585; Schwarts. 60. 60. 600; Cummings. Pop. 82; dofective 435. and blank. 708. Foley over WilHans. 5.841.

13-Total vote, 21.175. Martin. Tam. 10.585; Hoops,
Rep. a.575; Eaxton. S. D. 869; Weller. Soc. 185;
Suilth. Pro. 119; Wilson, Pop. 40; defective. 334,
and blank. 521. Martin over Hoops. 2.063.

14-Total vote, 22.342. Grany, Tam. 11.306; Eagan.
Rep. 6.275; Cullen. S. D. 2.720; Wegener. Soc.
646; Hanson. Pro. 57; Hofy, Pop. 40; defective.
340; and blank. 509. Granfy over Faran. 5.381.

15-Total vote, 20.664. Pavey Ren. and J. 61. 11.421;
Bien. Tam., 7.86; Law. H. 1. 514; Yarnal; Pro.
60; Lesser, Pop. 42; defective, 206, and blank.
715. Pavey over Bien. 3.835.

16-Total vote, 20.06. Munninger. Tam., 10.095; Halpin. Rep. 6.855; Coatigan, S. D. 1.706. Copp.
Soc. 479; Sitke, Pro. 87; McEure. Pop. 44; aefective, 348, and blank. 336. Munninger over
falpin. 8.180. Getive, 316 and blank, 305. Muninger over Halpin, 3180, 753. Page, Rep., 8,107. O'Sullivan, Tam, and 6, 6, a, a, a, b, s, e, e, b, and lad, 4,205. Byrnes, Soc., 379. Waltermar, Pro., 37, inc., 4,205. Byrnes, Soc., 379. Waltermar, Pro., 37, inc., 27, 28, and blank, 475. Page over O'Sullivan, 21. Page over O'Sullivan, 21. Page over O'Sullivan, 21. Page, o'Sullivan, 21. Potal, vote, 19,418. Featherson, Tam, 11,221; Berr, Rep., 5,333; Morron, Soc., 1,408. Mechan, 8 D., 604. Knappman, Pro., 47. Bourke, Pop., 27; defective, 240, and blank, 525. Featherson over berr, 5,882, 505. Pord, Rep., 13,139; Schultze, Tam., 9,700. Host, S. D., 640; Taompson, Soc., 315. Organ, Pro., 90; Arnold, Pop., 72. J. V. Hart, Anti-Tam., 29; defective, 270, and blank, 686. Ford over Schultzes, 8,140.

FOR MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY.

FOR MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY.

Dist.

1-Fins. Temmany. 8,273; Conway. Republican.
1,055; Murphy. State Dem., 170; Burnham. Prohibition. 14; Hillman. Populias. 8. Finn over
Conway. 2,218.

Berry. Tam. and 8. D., 4,425; Cahill. 281, 1,469;
Nagri. 800., 142; Johnson. Pro., 21; Williams.
Pop., 14. Berry over Casill. 2,956.

Leonard. 7am., 4,078; Brady. Bep., 2,209; Grady.
S. D., 108; Andrews. Pro., 38; Ghent. Pop., 5.
Leonard. 7am., 4,078; Brady. Bep., 1,296; Herschdid. S. Danielly, Tam., 3,70; Fib., Bep., 1,296; Herschdid. S. Band. J. 200; Bost. Shapiro. Soc., 645;
S. Berry. Rep., 3,70; Holcomb. Tam., 2,787;
Hooper, State Dem., 390; Mairalson. Milholland.
145; Melvin. Anti-Tam., 101; Knell. Soc., 62; Tsylor, Pro., 40; Jones. Pop. 23. Gregory over Hocomb. 288.

Mitinacht. Tam., 4,29; Wagner. Rep., 2,400;
Gerner. Soc., 280; Gaw. S. D. and I. C. O., 294;
Glover. Pro., 14. Sittinacht over Wagner, 1,730.

"Bat', Tam., 4,807; Fritz. Rep., 2,676; Hourigan.
S. Woodward. Pop., 16. Hart over Pritz. 1,821.

"Badler. Rep., 2,109; Emith. Tam., 1,576; Abelson.
Soc., 519; Levy. S. D., 40; Hock. Pro., 15. Stevens.
Pro., 00; Kay. Pop., 20. Haccabe over Blackburn,
Pro., 00; Kay. Pop., 20. Haccabe over Blackburn,
Plancher, Soc., 301; Kelenger S. D., 414; KlueppelPlancher, Soc., 301; Kelenger S. D., 414; Klueppel-

Summers, S. D., 299; Rosak, Soc., 119; Stevens, Pro., 60; Kay, Pop., 20; Baccabe over Blackburn, 1,076.

10—Kenpuer, Tam., 3,425; Hoffman, Ren., 2,244; Fläschel, Soc., 801; Keleher, S. D., 414; Elusppelberg, Pop., 10; Lorens, Pro., B. Kempner over Hoffman, 1,181.

11—Gledhill, Tam., 2,675; Wilks, Rep., 2,608; Healy, Ind. and S. D., 1,001; Boyd, Soc., 144; McAusland, Pro., 27; Bishind, Ind. Ren., 20, Gledhill over Wilks, 807.

19—Schulum, Tam., 2,545; Joseph, Rep., 1,854; Jonas, Soc., 1,152; Dougherty, K. L., 823; Hayes, Pro., 7, 29—Schulum, Tam., 2,545; Joseph, Rep., 1,856; O'Donnell, S. D., 264; Brayne, Noc., 215; Law, Pro., 16; Hrowns, Pop., 13; Trainor over Miller, 1,611; Howens, Pop., 13; Trainor over Miller, 1,611; Hrowns, Pop., 13; Trainor over Miller, 1,611; Howens, Pop., 13; Trainor over Miller, 1,611; Howens, Pop., 27; Fritz over Kangenman, S. D. and Rep., 2,608; Zingk, Soc., 495; Kelby, G. G., 339; Lorch, Pro., 27; Fritz over Kangenman, 1,080; Lorch, Pro., 27; Pritz over Kangenman, 1,080; Lorch, Pro., 27; Pritz over Kangenman, 1,080; Lorch, Pro., 27; Pritz over Kangenman, 1,080; Lorch, Pro., 28; Lyers, 1,620; Grotte, N. D. and Rep., 2,132; Grüntell, Soc., 343; Blau, G., 100; Unbeschelden, Pro., 20; Moffman over Groto, 1,564; Pritzgan, Tam., 3,729; Wilson, Rep., 1,977; MacManon, N. D., 291; Bendin, Soc., 151; Rozelle, Pro., 24; Hyman, Kangen, Tam., 4,060; Kelker, Rep., 1,650; Cruise, S. D., 1,169; Christ, Soc., 212; Needham, Pro., 28; N. J. 299; Korgle, Sec., 67; Maslin, Pro., 28; Wilson, Rep., 1,260; Cruise, S. D., 1,169; Christ, Soc., 212; Needham, Pro., 28; Corrigan over Lyman, 2,322; 21—Austin, Rep. and G. O., 5,17; Connellan, Tam., 3,644; Vesture, 30, 24; Chryman, Rep., 4,856; Carron, Pro., 28; Corrigan over Lyman, 2,854; Carron, Pro., 29; Corrigan over Lyman, 2,854; Carron, 10; B. D., 333; Greene, Soc., 174; Hyman, Anti-pro., 20; Flood, Ind., 14; Austin over Co

School, School, Ind., 14. Austin over Connollan, Pop. 20; Flood, Ind., 14. Austin over Connollan, 2-Bittoy, Tam., 8,887; Steinberg, Hen., 9,364; Carroll, 8, D., 533; Greene, Soc., 174; Hyman, Anti-Blue Laws, 155; Reberger, Pro., 24; Smith, Pop., 15. McCoy over Steinberg, L., 1523.

3-Delmour, Tam., 3,915; Curitiss, Rep., 3,792; Lowe, R. D., 289; Fritchy, Soc., 178; Murray, Colored Nep., 50; Doolan, Pop., 43; Hillard, Pro., 30; Delmour over Curitis, 123.

4-Fitzgerald, Tam., 3,813; Hassinger, Rep., 1,784; Bohm, Soc., 127; Wolfert, S. D., 282; Williams, Pro., 10; Bostwick, Pop., 14. Fitzgerald over Hassinger, 2,019.

5-Kurphy, Jep., and G. G., 3,735; Kuhlke, Tam., 200; Horstwick, Pop., 10; Bostwick, Pop., 10; Globs, Pro., 32, Murphy over Kuhlke, 1,427.

5-Andrews, Tam., 3,035; Chimelicek, Rep., 2,115; Bennett, Soc., 368; Otte, S. D., 146; Miller, Pop., 10; Alexander, Pro., 9, Andrews over Chimelicek, 428.

7-Lainbeer, Rep. and G. G., 3,473; Acer, Tam., 2,155; McQuad, S. D., 165; Rarton, Pro., 18; Merritt, Pop., 10; Laimbeer over Acer, 1,318.

Green, Tam., 4,108; Arnow, Rep., 1,856; Wallstrom, Soc., 588; O'Neill, S. D., 148; Dunwoody, Pro., 25; Reiber, Pop., 10, Green over Arnow, 4,502.

Stroin, Soc., 538; O. Seili, S., 139; Dunwoody, Pro., 25; Reiber, Pop., 10. Green over Arnow, M.252.
 Perench, Rep., 3.742; Herrman, Tam., 3.266; Lawronee, S. D., 317; Brooks, Pro., 27; Waiz, Pop., 12. French over Herrman, 470.
 Meyer, Tam., 4.850; Fold, Rep., 2.765; Brucek, mann. Soc., 510; Crulse, S. D., 383; Dutt, Pro., 48; Beady, Pop., 11. Meyer over Bold, 1.485.
 Sland, S. L., 316; Hull. Pro., 45; Hanley, Pop., 16.
 Louis, S. L., 316; Hull. Pro., 46; Hanley, Pop., 16.
 Louis, S. L., 316; Hull. Pro., 46; Hanley, Pop., 16.
 Louis, S. L., 316; Hull. Pro., 46; Hanley, Pop., 16.
 Louis, S. L., 316; Hull. Pro., 40; Hanley, Pop., 16.
 Louis, J. L., 418; Bittmann, Soc., 1003; Webb, Pop., 101; Roth, Pro., 18; McMaion, Ind. Dem., 70.
 Dounelly, Tam., 3.106; Samuela, Rep., 2.636; Alexander, S. D., 418; Dounelly, 14, 17
 Davidson, Tam., 3.106; Samuela, Rep., 2.631; Collins, Ind. Dem., 310; Donnegan, S. D., 495; Elling, Soc., 188; Sunderen, Pop., 40; Marza, Pro., 38.
 Davidson over Samuela, 675.
 4-Malone, Tam., 3.451; Reinbard, Rep., 4.841; Bridges, S. D., 781; Wike, Soc., 288; McElveen, Pro., 52; Cavanagh, Pop., 40; Massey, Ind. Dem., 6, Malone over Reinhard, 610.
 Bostic, Tam., 6, 111; Mathewson, Rep., 5, 160; Dressler, Soc., 42; Martin, S. D., 851; Tinken, Pro., 74; McLaugnlin, Pop., 40.
 Butts over Mathewson, Rep., 5, 160; Dressler, Soc., 42; Martin, S. D., 851; Tinken, Pro., 74; McLaugnlin, Pop., 40.

ANNEXED DISTRICT VOTE FOR ASSEMBLY. Dist.

1.—Beall, Dem., 208; Siewart, Rep., 181; Lyle, Pro.,
15; O'Neill, Soc., 10.

2.—Sheehan, Dem., 1.078; Carlisle, Rep., 645; Crow. 15: O'Neill, Soc., 10.
-Sheehan, Dem., 1,078; Carlisle, Rep., 645; Crow, Ind. Rep., 185; Carpenter, Pro., 16.
-CANAL IMPROVEMENT VOTE.

-171.805; .against, 23,650; defective, 3,692; blank, 7,595. Total vote, 258,542. Plurality for improvement, 148,155. The declaration of the vote was delayed because of the stay obtained by O'Sallivan. Tammany's candidate for senator in the Seventeenth district, and his application for a mandamus to compel the canvassers to count for him forty-seven votes returned as defective, which were not void according to samples attached to the returns. Abraham Gruber, counsel for Charles B. Page, the Republican candidate, who is elected by a plurality of 21 on the face of the returns, denied the right of the court to go behind the returns in such a proceeding, and Justice Ingraham resterday held with him. Col. Gardiner, for O'Sullivan, said that it was a grave matter to disfranchise voters in such a way.

Judge lugraham said that it was unfortunate that there was no provision in the law which allowed the canvassers to correct the inspectors' returns, especially when it was shown thatsome of the defective ballots should have been counted. But, as the Board of County Canvassers could act only in a ministerial capacity, they had no right to go behind the inspectors' returns.

On this decision the county canvassers disposed of all contests filed with them, on the ground that they could not go behind the returns.

CIVIL SERVICE INSPECTORS. A Horry Showing of Sworn Officers Due to

Raines, Roosevelt, and Reform. The election inspectors who served at the recent election underwent a civil service examination as to their qualifications before appointment at the instance of Theodore Roosevelt, the all-round reform President of the Police Board. It was conducted on lines laid down by President Roosevelt and by Gen. Rodenburgh, and a number of the inspectors who had been recom mended by one or other of the political parties were rejected as incompetent and new men were put in their places. The recent election was the first in New York in which election inspectors were chosen after a civil service test, and it will long be memorable in New York as the election in which the grossest and most flagrant errors

were committed by inspectors.

The Baines Ballot law was adopted by the last Legislature on account of its alleged simplicity and the facilities which it was said to give for voting without the rossibility of mistake. In the State election of 1887, 33 defective votes were counted on the head of the State ticket in this city. In the election of 1888 the number of defective votes in the city on the State ticket was 1915. In 1890 the first was 1921. In 1890 the first was 1925. In 1890, In 1893 it was 316. In 1891 it was 508. In 1893, a Presidential contest, it was 820. In 1893 it was 316. In the excition and perplexing municipal election of 1894 it was 1124. This year, under the plain and simple Raines law, it was 3,965—more defective votes at this year's election than at all the elections since 1886.

No less remarkable is the fact that in returning as the civil service election inspectors did these efective votes nearly 4,000 on the head of the State ticket and as many as 10,000 for some of the county and judicial officers they fingrantly violated the law and rendered themselves habe to criminal prosecution, because under the Raines bid there is no such thing as a defective ballot, as was pedated out by Asa lift Gardiner, the coursel for the Tenimany candidates before the Beard of Aldermen, in his argument to Judge Ingraham in the Page O'Sullivan case. Section 194 of the Raines law provides that any mark or erastre other than a cross mark on a ticket renders it "wholly void," and it shall not be counted. Another section of the same law declares that "no ballot shall be rejected for any technical error which does not make if impossible to determine the voter's choice." Where, however, a ticket is either marked or alleged by a watcher, to have been marked for identification. It is made by section 114 of the law the duty of the in-pectors to count it, affixing afterward the disputed licket to the canvass, such ballot to be counted, the law says, "the same as if not objected to," But in defance of this the inspector were committed by inspectors. The Raines Ballot law was adopted by the last Legislature on account of its alleged simplicity

"Any mark or eresure made on this ballot,

TO RUN FROM LIFE.

except as above indicated, makes this ballet void and it cannot be counted."

All over town electors, in strict compilance with the law, put a separate "X" or cross mark opposite the name of some individual candidate not on a regular party column. This ticket, of course, should have been counted for all the candidates on the regular party column except the one for whose opposent the elector showed his preference. But in fully one hundred election districts the inspectors, in their ignorance of the law and guided by the misleading directions of the Police Commissioners, pronounced such tickets wolf and refused to count them for anyoffice, though the law section 104 explicitly says that in any such case of doubt the citizen's ballot shall not be "counted for such office." Again, there were three candidates running for Supreme Court Judge and nearly 10,000 votes were thrown out on that office by ignorant or incompetent inspectors on the ground that they could not tell or determine "which of the Supreme Court Judgeship candidates in the party column such sin elector did not wish to vote for." What the law says is this: "Where two or more persons for the same office are to be voted for an independent candidate for such office, his vote shall be counted only for the candidates or candidates for that office that have the distinguishing mark before his or their names."

In the Seventeenth Senate district Pare, the

for such office, his vote shall be counted only for the candidate or candidates for that office that have the distinguishing mark before his or their names."

In the Seventeenth Senate district Pace, the Republican candidate, was returned as having a lead of 31 votes ever the Democratic nomines. The latter had, strange to say, the endorsement of the Good Government Club men, who are numerous in his district. As many as 150 of them voted for him by putting a cross mark before his name, though otherwise voting under the circle of the anchor for the Good Government Club candidates. Many of these votes were lost to Mr. O'Suillvan through the ignorance of the inspectors, who in several election districts declared such tickets "defective" and threw them out as such, thereby changing the result of the contest. In the same Senate district Thomas J. McManus, the outside Democratic candidate, lost over a thousand votes through the ignorance or incapacity of the inspectors.

Senator Raines, in an interview on the subject of the law which bears his name, has declared that the discretionary powers of the inspectors should be lessened, and that he will introduce a bill to amend that flagrant error of the law, and is aggravated to the verge of absurdity by another aimost incredible blunder, to which Judge Cullen has called attention in a decision, Mr. Raines, in devising a plain and simple ballow law, omitted to provide for any method whereby errors or blunders, however clear or however monstrous, could be corrected by Judicial authority. He also took away from the Board of County Canvassers any power to correct these errors, and as the result of this most law, omitted to provide for any method whereby errors or blunders, however clear or however monstrous, could be corrected by Judicial authority. He also took away from the Board of County Canvassers any power to correct these cross, and as the result of this most incredible to the result of the market of the proposed an adjournment. Though the proposed an adjournment of som

The Hon. Edward Brown, who represented to Tammany interests as one of the counsel Tammany interests as one of the counsel re the Board of County Canvassers, believes Tammany Hall lost several thousand votes

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rather than to the voters, who, it is agreed on all hands, showed a clearer comprehension of the provisions of the law and a greater willingness to acquiesce in even the needless annoyances it imposed than did the inspectors chosen by civil service under the direction of its champion, Roosevelt. COWLES-ROOSEVELT.

Brilliant Wedding Coremony of Two Amertenns in London.

LONDON, Nov. 25 .- The marriage of Lieuten ant-Commander W. S. Cowles, naval attaché to the United States Embassy here, and Miss Anna Roosevelt, sister of Theodore Roosevelt, President of the Board of Police Commissioner of New York city, was celebrated in St. Andrew's Church, Westminster, to-day. The ceremon was performed by the Rev. John Stafford Northcote, vicar of St. Andrew's Church. The church was crowded with a brilliant assemblage of English and American guests. There were no bridesmaids.

The bride was led up to the altar by her cousin, J. R. Rooseveit, secretary to the United States Embassy, who gave her away. Her robe was of ivory satin duchesse trimmed with lace and orange blossoms, with a long square-cut train. She wore a tulle vell edged with costly Brussels lace, and a wreath of small orange flowers fastened with superb diamond oran-ments. Capt. De Jedina, naval attaché to the Austrian Embassy, was best man. The service was chored

ments. Capt. De Jedina, navai attaché to the Austrian Embassy, was best man. The service was choral.

United Stateg Ambassador Bayard and Mrs. Bayard were present, Mrs. Bayard were present, Mrs. Bayard wearing a gown of black slik with a bedice of velvet trimmed with white lace. Among the other guests were Baroness Burdett-Coutts and her husband, the Countess of Limerick, Lady Finrence Perry; General and Mrs. Chepman, the Dowager Countess of Lovelace, Lady Flower, Lady Priestly, the Dowager Lady Westbury, Viscountess Galway, Lady Grifflu, Lady Edmund Fitzmaurice, Frince Oukhtomoky, naval attaché to the Ruesian Embassy; Lady Medway, Lady Maitland, J. A. de Souza Correla, Brazilian Minister; Baron von Goldstein d'Oldenallor, Netherlands Muister; the Swiss and Greek Chargés d'Affaires, Admiral and Mrs. Henshaw, Chited States Consul-General Patrick A. Collins and wife, Mr. Wakeman Lathrop and wife, Gerald Neal and wife, J. J. Collins F. W. Frigont, United States Deputy Consulgence and Wife, W. H. Maxwell and wife, Capt. Frinces and wife, Mr. Mrs., and Miss Garrison, Mrs. H. Howell and daughter, Mrs. Meggs and daughter, Mr. Grace and wife, J. K. Gracie, D. D. Wells, and J. R. Carter of the United States Embassy; Baron Goldstein, Admiral the Earl of Clanwilliam, and Lord and Lady Pirbright.

After the ceremony the guests were driven to the residence of Mr. J. R. Roosevelt in Upper Beigravia street, where a grand reception was held. The couple left London for their wedding tour at 4 o'clock. The bride was the recipient of several hundred costly presents.

ALL THE LATEST ARTISTIC NOVELTIES FOR WEDDING PRESENTS IN FLINT'S FINE PURNITURE, 45 WEST 23D ST.

HILL'S RHEUMATISM AND GOUT CURE; greatest of remodes; one bottle cures you Hill MEDICINE UG. 36 E 19th st., N. Y. Send for cir-

WHY THEY TRIED TO DIE.

NERVELESS QUARTET WANTED

we Flend Drunkenness as an Exense-Besides They Are Engaged to Two Brave Oirts, and the Judge Was Lentent-Number Three Had Told His Mother He Would Kill Himself; Her Tears Softened the Judge's Heart-The Fourth Just Avowed Plain Cowardice, and He Will Be an Example to Others for Ten Days,

Four men, young, unmarried, and apparently n the full vigor of manhood, stood before the bar in the Lee Avenue Police Court, Williams-burgh, yesterday morning, each accused of having attempted suicide. Two of the prisoners shamefacedly acknowledged their guilt, but pleaded the baby act by declaring that they were drunk when they tried to kill themselves. A third, who had essayed to escape from his re-sponsibilities because he was out of work and had a widowed mother dependent upon him for support, was reënforced in court by the tears and pleadings of that mother. Under her appeals justice thawed out, and the weakling of 32 years, together with the two men who blamed to go after a reprimand by the Court. Prisoner number four owned up to being a coward, besides he had only reached the brink and hadn't made even the partial success with which the other would-be suicides were credited, so justice soaked him as an example and sent him up

for ten days.

Justice Goetting sat upon the cases, and these

were the stories he heard:
Adam Meisinger, a canvasser, who lives on Marcy avenue, is a sensitive young chap of 21 years. He is to be married to-morrow night, if his sweetheart don't cry quits after his display of moral cowardice. Adam said that he tried to follow the example of howling swells by having a high old time with the boys before assuming the bonds of matrimony. On Sunday he painted Williamsburgh in company with boon companions. They twitted him about his approaching marriage, and chaffed him so unceasingly that he resorted to deeper draughts. He must have got very drunk, according to his own story, and probably imagined that he had bugs, for when he returned to his home in the evening Mels-

probably imagined that he had bugs, for when he returned to his home in the evening Melsinger swallowed a large quantity of insect powder. An ambulance surgeon, with a trusty stomach pump, saved Adam for the sake of his blushing bride, and the repentant fellow has promised not to attempt suicide again, at least not until after his marriage.

Then up spoke William Watson, a marine engineer, who says he is 23, and he looked it in court. To the surprise of the court attachés Watson said that he was in the same boat as Melsinger, that is, engaged to marry. His wedding is booked for Sunday night next, and he was allowed to go and make his peace with his sweetheart. Watson on Friday night swallowed enough laudanum to have killed ten men, married or single, but he said he was despondent over a failure to set steady employment and so he got very drunk. In his drunken frenzy, he said, "I took the laudanum without knowing what I was doing."

Charles McDonald, the third of the quartet who attempted self destruction, is a glass blower, and 32 years old. He nearly frightened his widowed mother into hysteria on Thursday last by threatening to kill himself. He had lost lits job two weeks before, and evidently lost his sand at the same time. He didn't make much of a record in the suicide line, for though he swallowed a quantity of Paris green, he took it in oapsules, nine of them. Then he begreed for help. At the Eastern District Hospital the doctors fixed him up, and his mother's walling got him off scot free yesterday.

John Dolan is a sturdy longshoreman, 25 years old. On Sunday he blew in his week's wages, and then, so he whined, he was afraid to go home. He went instead to the dock at the foot of North First street and looked at the water. Probably he had looked at something much, or words to that effect, and leaned forward as if about to jump. Big Policeman McGrath had kept his eye on the burly fellow who was afraid to go home, and he grabbed him juss in time to save a funeral. Dolan had no wedding, no widowed mother's t

A RUSSIAN YOUTH TRIES SUICIDE.

Albert Mindlin, a young Russian, was em ployed as a cierk in a millinery store in Grand street until last Saturday, when he was discharged. The only reason his employer gave for dispensing with his services was that Albert was not big enough to perform the duties assigned to him. When Mindlin returned to his boarding house at 219 Broome street his land-lady noticed that he was very despondent. Yesteriay morning he went to the Bowery and, after having his photograph taken, bought

a revolver. Returning to his boarding house, he shot himself in the shoulder. He had tried to shoot himself in the heart, but his hand trembled so that his aim was bad. He was taken to Gouverneur Hospital. The following letter was found in his room:

found in his room:

To My Dran Broymers and Fhirknes: I am tired of
life and I do not wish to live any lonser. Good-by all,
I wish you all loy and happiness. I don't regret what
I am going to do now. My hand shakes a little, but
I am going to do now. My hand shakes a little, but
I have bought a revolver, and I am going to blow my
brains out. This is the best thing for a fellow to do
who is in a position like mine. I have \$2 in my
pocket, and I beg some one to be so kind as to give
\$5cents to Mr. Devord, who has a soda water stand as
Norfolk and Grand streets. I have no more debta.

ALEERT MINDLIN.

HELMER'S THIRD TRIAL.

A Bank President Accused of Deceiving the State Bank Examiner LOCKPORT, N. Y., Nov. 25,-The third trial of Joshua S. Helmer, on the indictment for de-

celving State Bank Examiner Clark, while President of the Merchants' Bank, was begun in the Court of Sessions here this morning, Judge Metcalf of Ontario presiding. The court room was thronged. The defendant was accou panied by his wife, who was constantly at his side during the previous trials, and near them sat his attorneys, Messrs, Ashley and Crowley. John Jacob Arnold, the defaulting County Treasurer and cashier of the broken bank, arrived from Auburn prison at 10 o'clock. He will be one of the people's leading witnesses.

On the first trial Helmer was convicted, but got a new trial on a technicality. On the second trial the jury disagreed, standing two for and ten against conviction. An extra panel of 100 talesmen was drawn for this case, and the jury was not secured until after 2 o'clock.

Special interest attaches to this case, because it is the first to be tried under the new law relative to the deceiving of a State bank official and in view of the defendant's prominence. He is a leading member of the First Presbyterian Church and a son-in-law of the Hon. T. T. Fiagler, President of the Holly Manufacturing Company. It is allessed in the indictment that on Sept. 20, 1893, when Hank Examiner Clark officially visited the bank. Helmer exhibited falsified books, and, in order to make good the amount of cash shown by the cash book, borrowed for a few hours \$7.000, returning it as soon as the Bank Examiner had departed. got a new trial on a technicality. On the second

Col. Colt Has Consented and Will Withdraw His Suit Against Mr. Van Alen PROVIDENCE, Nov. 25.-Mrs. Samuel P. Coll s to have an absolute divorce from President Colt of the Industrial Trust Company. This the different interests at the conference held after the collapse of the adultery charges at the Jackson, N. H., hearing.

The divorce has been agreed upon amicably The divorce has been agreed upon amicably. It will be sought from the Rhode Island courts upon the ground of refusal to provide, or something of that sort. Nothing seriously compromising the respondent will be alleged. The negotiations of the last few days have resulted in a complete settlement of the whole Coit family scandal, including an agreement to the withdrawal of the \$200.000 suit against James J. Van Alen. Col. Colt will retain the family mansion in Bristol, and will pay a lump sum to his wife in full settlement. Both sides express satisfaction with the result.

Mrs. Frederick R. Halsey endowed another

bed in the Flower Hospital yesterday with \$5,000. The new bed is known as the R. P. Flower bed. A short time ago Mrs. Halsey en-dowed a bed in the nospital in a similar amount.

PINAPESSIVING AND LENGTH APPROACH NAME OF THE PROACH OF TH

NAVAL NEWS AND NOTES.

The Personnel Rill-Work on the Shipe-The Machine Guns, WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—The strong grounds taken by the line officers of the navy at their annual meeting, held on Saturday night, in favor of the "essential line features" of the Joint Commission's personnel bill, may clear up the matter somewhat for Congress. What is not so obvious is the attitude of the staff officers concerning the staff features of that bill. It is pretty well known that the staff would like positive rank, and that these officers also do not like the proposed reductions in pay accompanying changes in rank. The Secretary is expected to revive the subject once more in his report,

although his views are already well known.

As one of the Chicago's new boilers will be

ing changes in rank. The Secretary is expected to revive the subject once more in his report, although his views are already well known.

As one of the Chicago's new boilers will be made of nickel steel and the other of ordinary steel, a comparison in practical workings can be made between them. The Maine and Texas will be formally examined by the Board of Inspection and Survey, and this Board will no doubt report on the character of the injuries received by the Texas.

The new Chairman of the House Naval Committee is expected to be Congressman Houtelle of Maine, lone a prominent reember of the committee, and the retirement of Senator McPherson is likely, it is thought, to give the Chairmanship of the Senate Naval Committee to Senator Blackburn of Kentucky, if the Democrats hold the control.

The context of machine guns at the Washington Navy Yard winds up with the Maxim-Nordenfeldt, and the report of the Board will be awaited with interest. There have been tried five guns in all. Last year six were tried, two of which which were automatic single-barrelied, and the other four hand-worked; but the lioard could not agree on any one, the majority favoring the Maxim-Nordenfeldt and the minority the Gatting, so that another trial was had this year.

It is feared that the down-draught furnace, which was recently tested by Chief Engineer Smith, will not be found suitable for naval use, it had been hoped that the concumption of smoke and a saving of one-tenth in coal would result. It was found that the furnace was economical, but it is expected that the change of system will not be advised.

Secretary Herbert will probably recommend the construction of two training ships for the Naval Academy. Capit. Cooper, the Superintendent, said in his recent report that the Monongahela's only merit for that purpose was her fine accommodations; "but being unhandy and unwieldy, the result is that in many respects wrong principles are tanget," so that "the each atmosphere" was the most she gave to the callets. The vessels he asked fo

BAZING OF COLORED SAILORS.

A Court of Inquiry Taking Testimony is the Washington Navy Yard, WASHINGTON, Nov. 25 .- The court of inquiry into the charges against white seamen gunners for hazing colored sailors of their class met at the Washington Navy Yard to-day, Com-mander W. Maynard presiding, with Lieut. Commander Richard Wainwright and Lieut, W. W. Kimball as members and Ensign Terhune as recorder. The seaman gunners' class of instruction here consists of thirty-three men, of matruction here consists of thirty-three men, four of whom are colored. The white satiors are accused of committing various outrages on the negroes in the hope of causing them to desert.

Commodore Howell, commandant of the yard, was the first witness. While he had no personni cognizance of the matter, he had received a verbal report from one of his subordinates in October to the effect that a colored gunner complained that he had been struck over the eye by a fellow classman.

a fellow classman.

Ensign Williams had reported to him that hazing had occurred, but the Commolore of hissown knowledge was unawere of the facts in the

own knowledge was unawero of the facts in the case.

Ensign Williams testified that he had seen a wound on the face of J. A. Jackson, colored, but that about twenty of the other classmen had disavowed all knowledge of its cause. He was confident that no hading ever occurred during his watches, between 8 P. M. and 8 A. M. He had investigated the reports under order of the commandant, and, in seeking to learn their correctness from the sentiment of the men, several had said that it was not right that a "nigger should be placed over white people."

Another Naval Engineer Breaks Bown, WASHINGTON, Nov. 25 .- Another addition has been made to the long list of naval engineers whose health has been ruined by overwork resulting from insufficient appropria tions. A telegram was received at the Navy tions. A telegram was received at the Navy Department to-day from the Marc Island Navy Yard announcing the breakdown of Chief Engineer R. R. Leitch of the cruiser Boston. The despatch says that this officer had been condemned by a medical Board, and asks that an engineer to relieve him be sent at once. Engineer Leitca is considered one of the brightest men of the corps, and the department has done its best to keep him on the active list. During the past year he was relieved from duty on the Castine and Alliance on account of his health.

The Maine Goes to Portland for Her Honor PORTLAND, Me., Nov. 25,-The battle ship Maine arrived here to-day. The officers called on the Mayor at noon. To-morrow afternoon the service of christening plate will be presented to the vessel.

AMUSEMENTS FOR CHURCHGOERS. Pastor Porter Wants Billiards, Pool, Cards.

and Daneing to Attract Young Men. ELBA, N. Y., Nov. 25. The Rev. Farley Porter, pastor of the Presbyterian church, de livered a sermon on Sunday morning, Nov. 17. which has caused no little comment in this village. Several of his congregation strongly objected, the trouble culminating in an indign tion meeting held on Tuesday evening by the deacons and elders, which is the main topic of conversation among his parishioners. The preacher's text was taken from the 150th Psalm: "Fraise Him with the Psaliery and Harp, Praise Him with Timbrel and Dance," and he asked, "How many praise God in this manner?" He said that the temporal as well as the spirium needs of the neople must receive attention; that the devil held the inside track; that the old were passing away and the young must be brought into the church, and attractions held out to induce them to do so. A building, he said, should be attached to the church, where games of billiaris, pool, ball, cards, and dancing might be indulged in by the members. He has on several occasions requested that eachre be indulged in at the ladies' ald societies.

Mr. Porter is an able scholar and eloquent preacher, He was born in Hochester and educated at Rochester University. deacons and elders, which is the main topic of

No Allmony for Mrs. Brockway.

Mrs. Kate Brockway, an actress, who is known on the stage as Florence Ellis, through her lawyer, ex-Judge Garrick, made an application to Vice-Chancellor Pitney yesterday in Jersey City for alimony and counsel fees pend-Jersey City for alimony and counsel fees pending the trial of her husband's suit for divorce, Alexander Druifi is named as co-respondent. Her husband is room clerk in the (filsey House in this city. His lawyer said that he is earning only a small salary, and that his wife's incomo largely exceeds his. He gets \$100 a month, and out of that he gives her \$70 or \$80.

Mrs. Brockway denied her husband's allegation, and declared that she and her two children are pennilses. The Vice-Chancellor granted \$50 counsel fee, but refused alimony.

New Corporations. ALBANY, Nov. 25.—The following companies were to-day incorporated with the Secretary of

State:

American Therapeutic Cumpany of New York city.
Capital, \$35,000. Directors, E. H. Hammer, E. R.
Jones, and h. H. dovin of New York city.
H. P. Campbell & Co. of New York city.
H. P. Campbell & Co. of New York city. is earry on
a general warehousing business. Capital, \$160,000.
Kicholof Kontclain, Dell of Hoboken, S. J.: George
Kicholof Kontclain, Dell of Hoboken, Control of Records and indexes concerning and respecting real
setate, and to do business as a real estate and insurance broker. Capital, \$10,000. Directors. F. Herkeley,
S. W. Huntingston, and W. A. Andrews of Hrooklyn,
The Evassols Manufacturing Company of Brookyn.
The Sevasols Manufacturing Company of Brookyn.
The Sevasols Manufacturing Company of Brookyn.
Capital, \$25,000. Directors. H. F. Evass. A.P.
Herewas of Brooklyn, and John C. McLaughlin of New
York cits.

ESSISTE STATE SERVICE CONTRACTOR 늄

THE ACCIONATION TO THE ACCIONATION OF THE ACCIONATI Do not be seceived by infringe-ments of name, package or cigarette. THE ONLY GENUINE

on the package and on each cigarette. TAKE NONE WITHOUT.

FIVE NEW MAIL CARS.

Bigger and More Convenient Than Any Be-

fore Used on the Erie. That portion of the United States mail which goes between this city and Chicago, either eastward or westward, over the Erie Railroad, began travelling on Saturday in the handsomest, newest, biggest, and most convenient mail cars in the world, and will hereafter be carried in these cars until such day as these may be perhaps superseded by somecars on the Eric line. They were built for that road under the supervision of the officials of the United States railway mail service. These cars all went into service at practically the same time on Saturday, and the first one of them to arrive in Jersey City with mail from Chicago got in at 6:40 o'clock yesterday morning, having left Chicago attached to train 12 at 8 P.
M. on Saturday. At 2:45 P. M. on the same
day a similar car left Jersey City for Chicago

ing left Chicago attached to train 12 at 8 P.

M. on Saturday. At 2:45 P. M. on the same day a similar car left Jersey City for Chicago attached to train 5. The other three cars had previously been distributed along the route, so that when each was picked up by its proper train each was at a proper place on the 2:000-mile mail beit, which doubles itself along the railroad to take its turn in the emfress round of service for which they are designed.

Last night there stood almost side by side in the Eric station one of these new cars and one of the old ones which has done service on that route for years. The contrast was as great as that between the passenger coach of twenty years ago and a new parior car. These new cars are among the biggest and heaviest cars made. Each one is 68 feet d inches long in the clear inside and weighs 90.050 pounds, or nearly fifty tons. The peculiarity which one notices at once upon the outside is that the new car has no platforms at the ends, although it has doors there. It is built up like a box car with only the bumper log projecting beyond the body of the car, and must be entered by climbing up a short iron ladder similar to that used for box cars. The purpose of this is to give all the room possible inside the car and at the same time to leave no room on the outside for undesirable or possibly dangerous persons to ride upon. The end doors are provided with iron bars to fasten them, and they are to be kept, fastened except when the clerks within need to get out to gather in mail from forp boxes at stations.

Outside the cars are plainly finished in the style of the road's express and baggage cars, but within they are handsome. They are celled on the sides and overhead with narrow staving, and this is finished on the sides with bright varnish, and above in white, to reflect the light within they are handsome. They are celled on the sides with within they are handsome. They are celled the great oil burning lamps of the best variety.

About one-third of the length of the car at one

Pacific and Michigan Central. NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Nov. 25,-It is anconneed here to-day that a lease has been signed by the Michigan Central and the Canadian Pacific railways, the terms of which are that the Canadian road secures the privilege for fifty years of coming into this country and city via the cantilever bridge at this point. The Canadian Pacific Railway will use the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo as far as Welland, and from there will use the tracks of the Michigan Central. The first train will be run as soon as the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo is completed, which will be within two months. The officers of both roads were in this city for several days last week perfecting arrangements and details.

Atchison Officials to Be Announced Te-day, The Reorganization Committee of the Atchion, Topeka and Santa Fé Railroad Company held another session yesterday, and adjourned to meet again at 1:30 o'clock to-day. Secretary Herman Kobbe said that the names of the offi cers and directors of the new company would be announced after the meeting to-day. It is the general belief that E. P. Ripley, Third Vice-President of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, will be made President and D. B. Robinson First Vice-President. Aldace F. Walker is spoken of for the office of Chairman of the Board.

Thanksgiving Excursion on the Erie. The Erie has arranged to run another special excursion to Niagara Falls on Nov. 27 at the rate of \$8 for the round trip. Tickets will be good on any train leaving West Twenty-third good on any train trains street 8.55 A. M., 7:25 and 8:40 P. M., and Chambers street 9 A. M., 7:30 and 8:45 P. M., and returning on any regular train leaving the Falls until Friday, Nov. 29, inclusive. This will enable excursionists to take advantage of Thank-giving Day and remain two days at the Falls.

Lehigh Valley Representative Named. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 25,-The Executive Comnittee of the Board of Directors of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company to-day appointed Vice-President John B. Garrett to represent the company in the new Joint Traffic Association. CHILDREN KILLED BY FIRE. THEY HAD BEEN LOCKED IN THEIR HOME BY THEIR MOTHER One of Them Lit a Match Under a Sofa-One at Once Burned to Beath-A Second Died Soon-The Third Child Rescued,

When Mrs. Ida Collins went to the cellar just before 9 o'clock yesterday morning to dump some ashes, she locked the door leading to ber flat on the second floor at 221 West Tenth street, because she feared a visit from thieves, who have been active in that neighborhood of late. She left her little daughters, Rene. 4 years old, and Lillian, 5 years old, playing about the sitting room, while the baby, Wil-liam, 11 months old, was saleep on the bed. A few minutes afterward, Charles Raphael, a schoolboy, came down the stairs on his way to school. He saw smoke coming from the cracks of the door of the Collins flat, and ran up stairs

to tell his mother. When Harry Suydam, a stove dealer who lived on the floor above, heard the boy's story, he rushed down the stairs and the boy's story, he rushed down the stairs and tried to open the door. When he found it was locked, he thrust his fist through the glass in the upper part.

The smoke which poured out nearly strangled him, but through it he saw two little white hands appear at the opening. He grasped them and pulled through the opening the little girl flene, who was so frightened that she bould not speak.

and pulled through the opening the little girl Rene, who was so frightened that she build not speak.

At that moment Mrs. Collins appeared at the top of the stairs carrying a pail full of coal. Suydam grabbed the pail, and after dumping out the coal he filled it with water. Then he burst open the dcor, and with the assistance of another tenant, tried to put out the flames, which enveloped one side of the sitting room. Some one ran around to the fire house in Charles street to give the alarm, and when the flowner arrived they made short work of the flames. A passer by who had gone into the hurning rooms with Suydam found the baby Willie on the bed fearfully burned. The child was still alive, and he was sent to St. Vincent's Hospital in an ambulance. He died in the afternoon.

In the mean time a fireman had stumbled over the blackened and charred body of Lillian, it was on the floor hear the portleres between the parlor and the bedroom. The curtains were simost destroyed, and the child's body was burned to a crisp.

Rene was carried to the rooms of one of the tenants, and after she recovered from her fright she said that while they were playing on the floor Lillian got a match and lit it under the sofa. Then came the fire. The child was so badly frightened that she could tell no more.

When Mrs. Collins heard the fate of her children she became hysterical, and her lamentations filled the house. Her husband, who is a freeze painter in the Navy Yard, was sent for, and they mourned together.

ASSAULTED BY AN ANGRY WIFE. Miss Perkins was Walking with a Married

Miss Ida Perkins, 21 years old, and quite pretty, who lives at 436 Jersey avenue, Jersey City, was suffering yesterday from nervous prostration, resulting, she alleges, from an encounter she had on Saturday night with Mrs. Hunt, wife of Capt. George Hunt, a steamboat Perkins tripped down the front stoop of her residence decked out for a promenade. A man who was standing in the snadow of a tree and who proved to be Capt. Hunt, asked in a stage whisper, "Is that you, Ida?" Ida said "Yes," and the pair started to walk down the street together. They had gone but a short distance when Mrs. Hunt, who is small and slight, stepped in front of them and struck Miss Per-kins a blow in the face with her clenched fist, stepped in front of them and struck Miss Perkins a blow in the face with her clenched fist. "Take that, you hussy!" she exclaimed, "and that, and that," as she dug her nails into Miss Perkins s face and tore her hat off. Capt. Hunt seized his wife and held her until Miss Perkins made her escape. The latter took refuge in a hallway near by. Capt. Hunt and his wife exchanged some words and separated. Miss Perkins, who lives with her widowed mother, was seen at her home yesterday evening. She showed no outward evidence of the altercation except her nervousness. "I had not been feeling well for several days," she said, "and on Saturday night I decided to go out for a walk. I had no idea of meeting Capt. Hunt. We had not made any appointment, and when I met him I was surprised. I have steady company of my own and don't have to go out with married men. If he was waiting outside for me. I did not know it. Mrs. Hunt went at me like a tigross. She nearly blinded me by that blow in my face, and I thought I would lose my cyesight. She said something about my life being in danger and pulled out what I supposed was a revolver. I fled and took refuge in a bailway. I am not in love with Mr. Hunt, although he has tried several times to speak to me. I repulsed him and told him that he was a married man. The trouble seems to be that Mrs. Hunt is very jealous and her husband likes to tease her."

FLORENCE L'HOMMEDIEU KILLED. Thrown from Her Bicycle by a Football

The block of Monroe street in Brooklyn thas stretches from Lewis to Sumper avenue has lately been paved with asphalt, and is a favorite spot for the children of the neighborhood who ride on bicycles. Florence L'Hommedieu, the daughter of Samuel L'Hommedieu, who lives at 490A Monroe street, was one of the expers riders that frequented the block. She was only 11 years old, but had been a rider for some time, and her facility was the wonder of the children in the neighborhood. Frequently she would take one of the younger children on the machine with her, and there were a number of tricks at which she was very expert. But her riding was usually confined to the block in front of her father's house. She was her father's only child and she was rarely allowed to go far from

of her father's house. She was her father's only child and she was rarely allowed to go far from home.

Almost directly opposite Mr. L'Hommedien's residence there is a house now building. The sand and building material are piled in the street, and extend half way across to the other pavement. On Saturday afternoon Florence L'Hommedieu was riding up and down the block. Several boys were playing football in the street. When she reached the narrow soction of the street the football was suddenly thrown from the sidewalk. It was caught under the front wheel of the girl's bicycle and she was thrown forward to the ground, falling within a foot of the durbstone.

Several laborers who were employed on the building carried the little girl into her father's house. She was unconscious, and it was found that she had been thrown on her left temple. To is supposed that her skuil was fractured, and the doctors who were called in to attend her bad little hope of her recovery. She remained under the held nobody responsible for the accident. He is a widower, and the little girl was the only surviving member of his family.

"The boys were not to blame for playing football," he said, "and my daughter was not to blame for riding her blocke along the block. There seems no responsibility to be laid on either side."

The little girl was advanced in her studies for her age, and was a member of School No. 44 in Throop avenue. Last Wednesday night she acted as bridesmaid for a relative who was married in her father's house. Her funeral will be held there to-morrow night.

The Albany State Plant to be Sold by the

ALBANY, Nov. 25,-The State, one of the wo papers in this city taking the service of the Chicago Associated Press, will not be printed to-day. The Sheriff has possession of the plant and has posted a notice on the doors of the building that it will be sold by him on Saturday morning next at 10 o'clock.

Quaker Wisdom

"The horseshoe that clatters wants a nail," as the appetite that falters at breakfast wants Quaker Oats.



Sold only in 2-lb. Packages.